

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
FOR THE MIDDLE DISTRICT OF ALABAMA  
NORTHERN DIVISION

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THOMAS OTTER ADAMS, #100 612

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Plaintiff,

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v.

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2:05-CV-352-MHT  
(WO)

GWENDOLYN MOSLEY, *et al.*,

\*

Defendants.

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**RECOMMENDATION OF THE MAGISTRATE JUDGE**

Pending before the court is Plaintiff's request for preliminary injunctive relief. (Doc. No. 73.) Upon consideration of Plaintiff's motion for preliminary injunction, the court concludes that the motion is due to be denied.

**DISCUSSION**

A preliminary injunction is an extraordinary and drastic remedy which should not be granted unless the movant clearly carries the burden of persuasion as to all prerequisites. *United States v. Jefferson County*, 720 F.2d 1511 (11<sup>th</sup> Cir. 1983). The four prerequisites which a movant must satisfy are as follows: (1) a substantial likelihood that the movant will ultimately prevail on the merits, (2) a showing that the movant will suffer irreparable injury unless the injunction issues, (3) proof that the threatened injury to the movant outweighs the damage the proposed injunction may cause the opposing party, and (4) a showing that the injunction, if issued, will not be adverse to or harm the public interests. *Cate v. Oldham*, 707

F.2d 1176 (11<sup>th</sup> Cir. 1983); *Shatel Corp. v. Mao Ta Lumber and Yacht Corp.*, 697 F.2d 1352 (11<sup>th</sup> Cir. 1983). The court has carefully reviewed Plaintiff's motion and concludes that Plaintiff has failed to demonstrate that he meets each of the prerequisites for the issuance of a preliminary injunction.

### CONCLUSION

Accordingly, it is the RECOMMENDATION of the Magistrate Judge that:

1. Plaintiff's motion for a preliminary injunction (Doc. No. 73) be DENIED; and
2. This case be referred back to the undersigned for further proceedings.

It is further

ORDERED that the parties are DIRECTED to file any objections to the Recommendation **on or before August 17, 2006**. Any objections filed must specifically identify the findings in the Magistrate Judge's Recommendation to which a party objects. Frivolous, conclusive or general objections will not be considered by the District Court. The parties are advised that this Recommendation is not a final order of the court and, therefore, it is not appealable.

Failure to file written objections to the proposed findings and recommendations in the Magistrate Judge's report shall bar the party from a *de novo* determination by the District Court of issues covered in the report and shall bar the party from attacking on appeal factual findings in the report accepted or adopted by the District Court except upon grounds of plain error or manifest injustice. *Nettles v. Wainwright*, 677 F.2d 404 (5<sup>th</sup> Cir. 1982). *See Stein v. Reynolds Securities, Inc.*, 667 F.2d 33 (11<sup>th</sup> Cir. 1982). *See also Bonner v. City of*

*Prichard*, 661 F.2d 1206 (11<sup>th</sup> Cir. 1981) (*en banc*), adopting as binding precedent all of the decisions of the former Fifth Circuit handed down prior to the close of business on September 30, 1981.

Done this 4<sup>th</sup> day of August, 2006.

/s/Charles S. Coody  
CHARLES S. COODY  
CHIEF UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE